

Novachem Pty Ltd

Version No: 1.1

Safety Data Sheet according to WHS and ADG requirements

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 2

Issue Date: **13/09/2018** Print Date: **13/09/2018** S.GHS.AUS.EN

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier

Product name	L-ORNITHINE:HCL (3,3,4,4,5,5-D6, 98%)
Chemical Name	L-Ornithine-3,3,4,4,5,5-d6 hydrochloride
Synonyms	DLM-2969
Other means of identification	Not Available
CAS number	347841-40-1*

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	For professional use only
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Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	Novachem Pty Ltd
Address	25 Crissane Road, Heidelberg West Victoria 3081 Australia
Telephone	+61384151255
Fax	+61386250088
Website	www.novachem.com.au
Email	novachem@novachem.com.au

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organ	isation	Victorian Poisons Information Centre
Emergency telephone nu	umbers	13 11 26
Other emergency tele	ephone umbers	Not Available

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

Poisons Schedule	Not Applicable	
Classification [1]	e Irritation Category 2A	
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from HSIS; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI	

Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)	
SIGNAL WORD	WARNING
Hazard statement(s)	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Precautionary statement(s) Pr	revention
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

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P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

Not Applicable

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
347841-40-1*	100	L-ORNITHINE:HCL (3.3.4.4.5.5-D6, 98%)

Mixtures

See section above for composition of Substances

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	 If this product comes in contact with the eyes: Wash out immediately with fresh running water. Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin or hair contact occurs: ▶ Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). ▶ Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	 If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary.
Ingestion	 Immediately give a glass of water. First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

- There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.
- Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding area.

the substrate or mixture
None known.
 Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses. Use fire fighting procedures suitable for surrounding area.
 Non combustible. Not considered a significant fire risk, however containers may burn. May emit corrosive fumes.

HAZCHEM Not Applicable

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	 Clean up all spills immediately. Avoid breathing dust and contact with skin and eyes. Wear protective clothing, gloves, safety glasses and dust respirator. Use dry clean up procedures and avoid generating dust.
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Moderate hazard. • CAUTION: Advise personnel in area. • Alert Emergency Services and tell them location and nature of hazard. • Control personal contact by wearing protective clothing.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling	9
Safe handling	 Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation. Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. Use in a well-ventilated area. Prevent concentration in hollows and sumps.
Other information	 Store in original containers. Keep containers securely sealed. Store in a cool, dry area protected from environmental extremes. Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.
Conditions for safe storage,	including any incompatibilities
Suitable container	 Lined metal can, lined metal pail/ can. Plastic pail. Polyliner drum. Packing as recommended by manufacturer.
Storage incompatibility	None known

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Not Available

EMERGENCY LIMITS

Ingredient	Material name	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
L-ORNITHINE:HCL (3,3,4,4,5,5-D6, 98%)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Ingredient	Original IDLH		Revised IDLH	
L-ORNITHINE:HCL (3,3,4,4,5,5-D6, 98%)	Not Available		Not Available	

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection. The basic types of engineering controls are: Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk. Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard "physically" away from the worker and ventilation that strategically "adds" and "removes" air in the work environment.
Personal protection	
Eye and face protection	 Safety glasses with side shields. Chemical goggles. Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task.
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer. Where the chemical is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application. The exact break through time for substances has to be obtained from the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed when making a final choice. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Experience indicates that the following polymers are suitable as glove materials for protection against undissolved, dry solids, where abrasive particles are not present.

Other protection	 Overalls. P.V.C. apron. Barrier cream.
	P Damei cream.

Respiratory protection

Particulate. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

Required Minimum Protection Factor	Half-Face Respirator P1	Full-Face Respirator	Powered Air Respirator PAPR-P1
up to 10 x ES	Air-line*	-	-
up to 50 x ES	Air-line**	P2	PAPR-P2
up to 100 x ES	-	P3	-
		Air-line*	-
100+ x ES	-	Air-line**	PAPR-P3

* - Negative pressure demand ** - Continuous flow

A(All classes) = Organic vapours, B AUS or B1 = Acid gasses, B2 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), B3 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), E = Sulfur dioxide(SO2), G = Agricultural chemicals, K = Ammonia(NH3), Hg = Mercury, NO = Oxides of nitrogen, MB = Methyl bromide, AX = Low boiling point organic compounds(below 65 degC)

Respirators may be necessary when engineering and administrative controls do not adequately prevent exposures.

- The decision to use respiratory protection should be based on professional judgment that takes into account toxicity information, exposure measurement data, and frequency and likelihood of the worker's exposure ensure users are not subject to high thermal loads which may result in heat stress or distress due to personal protective equipment (powered, positive flow, full face apparatus may be an option).
- Published occupational exposure limits, where they exist, will assist in determining the adequacy of the selected respiratory protection. These may be government mandated or vendor recommended.
- Certified respirators will be useful for protecting workers from inhalation of particulates when properly selected and fit tested as part of a complete respiratory protection program.

Use approved positive flow mask if significant quantities of dust becomes airborne.

Try to avoid creating dust conditions.

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Powder		
Physical state	Solid	Relative density (Water = 1)	Not Available
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	Not Available	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	174.66
Flash point (°C)	Not Available	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Available	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Applicable
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water (g/L)	Not Available	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	Product is considered stable and hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hydiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting.

Ingestion	The material has NOT been classified by EC Directives or other classification systems as "harmful by ingestion". This is because of the lack of corroborating animal or human evidence.		
Skin Contact	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or skin irritation following contact (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable gloves be used in an occupational setting.		
Eye	This material can cause eye irritation and damage in some persons.		
Chronic	Long-term exposure to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects adverse to the health (as classified by EC Directives using animal models); nevertheless exposure by all routes should be minimised as a matter of course.		
L-ORNITHINE:HCL (3,3,4,4,5,5-D6, 98%)	TOXICITY Not Available	IRRITATION Not Available	
L-ORNITHINE:HCL (3,3,4,4,5,5-D6, 98%)	TOXICITY Not Available	IRRITATION Not Available	
Legend:	1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substance.		

Acute Toxicity	0	Carcinogenicity	0
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	0	Reproductivity	0
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	✓	STOT - Single Exposure	0
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	0	STOT - Repeated Exposure	0
Mutagenicity	0	Aspiration Hazard	0
		✓ - L	Data available but does not fill the criteria for classification Data available to make classification Data Not Available to make classification

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity ENDPOINT **TEST DURATION (HR)** SPECIES VALUE SOURCE L-ORNITHINE:HCL (3,3,4,4,5,5-D6, 98%) Not Available Not Available Not Available Not Available Not Available ENDPOINT SPECIES SOURCE **TEST DURATION (HR)** VALUE L-ORNITHINE:HCL (3,3,4,4,5,5-D6, 98%) Not Available Not Available Not Available Not Available Not Available Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 3. EPIWIN Suite V3.12 Legend: (QSAR) - Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
	No Data available for all ingredients	No Data available for all ingredients

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
	No Data available for all ingredients
Mobility in soil	
Ingredient	Mobility
	No Data available for all ingredients

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods Product / Packaging disposal • Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options. • Consult State Land Waste Management Authority for disposal. • Bury residue in an authorised landfill. • Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill. • Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill. • Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill. • Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill. • Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill. • Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill. • Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill. • Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill. • Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill. • Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill. • Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill. • Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill. • Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill. • Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill. • Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill. • Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill. • Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill. • Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill. • Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill. • Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill. • Recycle containers i

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

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L-ORNITHINE:HCL (3,3,4,4,5,5-D6, 98%)

Labels Required

Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

Land transport (ADG): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code Not Applicable

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

L-ORNITHINE:HCL (3,3,4,4,5,5-D6, 98%)(347841-40-1*) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS Not Applicable

National Inventory Status

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AICS	N (L-ORNITHINE:HCL (3,3,4,4,5,5-D6, 98%))
Canada - DSL	N (L-ORNITHINE:HCL (3,3,4,4,5,5-D6, 98%))
Canada - NDSL	N (L-ORNITHINE:HCL (3,3,4,4,5,5-D6, 98%))
China - IECSC	N (L-ORNITHINE:HCL (3,3,4,4,5,5-D6, 98%))
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	N (L-ORNITHINE:HCL (3,3,4,4,5,5-D6, 98%))
Japan - ENCS	N (L-ORNITHINE:HCL (3,3,4,4,5,5-D6, 98%))
Korea - KECI	N (L-ORNITHINE:HCL (3,3,4,4,5,5-D6, 98%))
New Zealand - NZIoC	N (L-ORNITHINE:HCL (3,3,4,4,5,5-D6, 98%))
Philippines - PICCS	N (L-ORNITHINE:HCL (3,3,4,4,5,5-D6, 98%))
USA - TSCA	N (L-ORNITHINE:HCL (3,3,4,4,5,5-D6, 98%))
Legend:	Y = All ingredients are on the inventory N = Not determined or one or more ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Date	13/09/2018
Initial Date	13/09/2018

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chernwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

Definitions and abbreviations

- PC-TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average
- PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit
- IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
- ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
- STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
- TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit_ IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations
- OSF: Odour Safety Factor
- NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level
- LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- LOD: Limit Of Detection
- OTV: Odour Threshold Value
- BCF: BioConcentration Factors
- BEI: Biological Exposure Index

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